EUROPEAN ANTIBIOTIC AWARENESS DAY
A EUROPEAN HEALTH INITIATIVE

Progress towards 2030 targets[i] to combat antimicrobial resistance -2025 update[ii]-

(2024 data)

ecdc
EUROPEAN CENTRE FOR DISEASE PREVENTION AND CONTROL

Finland

Target achieved | Progress | Regress

Reduce by 9% the total consumption of antibiotics in humans Defined daily doses (DDDs) per 1 000 inhabitants per day	2019 baseline	14.7	-
	2025	12.7	-13.4%
	2030 TARGET	13.4	-9% from 2019 baseline
At least 65% of the total consumption of antibiotics in humans belongs to the 'Access' group of antibiotics As defined in the AWaRe classification of the WHO *Percentage point difference from 2019.	2019 baseline	73.2%	-
	2025	72.9%	-0.3*
	2030 TARGET	65%	-
Reduce by 3% the total incidence of bloodstream infections with meticillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* (MRSA) Number per 100 000 population	2019 baseline	1.06	-
	2025	1.96	+84.9%
	2030 TARGET	1.03	-3% from 2019 baseline
Reduce by 10% the total incidence of bloodstream infections with third-generation cephalosporin-resistant *Escherichia coli* Number per 100 000 population	2019 baseline	8.02	-
	2025	7.08	-11.7%
	2030 TARGET	7.22	-10% from 2019 baseline
Reduce by 2% the total incidence of bloodstream infections with carbapenem-resistant *Klebsiella pneumoniae* Number per 100 000 population	2019 baseline	0.06	-
	2025	0.06	0.0% Target not reached
	2030 TARGET	0.06	-2% from 2019 baseline

i- Council Recommendation targets on stepping up EU actions to combat antimicrobial resistance in a One Health approach (2023/C 220/01)
ii- Full data available in ECDC Annual Epidemiological Reports on antimicrobial resistance and antimicrobial consumption